WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Broomfield County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors Wildgrass Metropolitan District Broomfield County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of the Wildgrass Metropolitan District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, andmaintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are freefrom material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that mayraise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than forone resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information listed in the accompanying table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information listed in the table of contents does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. The continuing disclosure annual financial information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Englewood, CO June 28, 2024

Simmons Electer P.C.



WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 304,689
Cash and Investments - Restricted	841,454
Accounts Receivable - County Treasurer	3,200
Property Taxes Receivable	1,024,999
Prepaid Expenses	3,451
Prepaid Debt Insurance, Net of Accumulated Amortization	14,720
Total Assets	2,192,513
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Loss on Refunding	498,622_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	498,622
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	10,008
Accrued Interest on Bonds	30,667
Noncurrent Liabilities:	•
Due Within One Year	235,000
Due in More Than One Year	9,068,365
Total Liabilities	9,344,040
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	1,024,999
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,024,999
NET POSITION	
Restricted For:	
Emergency Reserves	4,500
Debt Service	808,702
Unrestricted	(8,491,106)
O III O O II I O O O O O O O O O O O O	(0,437,100)
Total Net Position	\$ (7,677,904)

WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

				Program l	Revenues			(Exp	Revenues benses) and change in et Position																																
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Charges for Services		rating s and outions	Grant	pital ts and butions		vernmental Activities
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government	\$	83,743	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(83,743)																																
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt Dedication of Capital Assets		418,904	-		-		-		(418,904)																																
to Other Governments		540,515							(540,515)																																
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,043,162	\$ -	\$		\$			(1,043,162)																																
	GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Net Investment Income Other Revenue Total General Revenues								812,356 41,734 68,256 1,669 924,015																																
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION								(119,147)																																
	Net Position - Beginning of Year								(7,558,757)																																
	NET	POSITION -	END OF YEAR					\$	(7,677,904)																																

WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

ASSETS	 General		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Accounts Receivable - County Treasurer Property Taxes Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$ 304,689 4,500 485 155,303 3,451	\$	836,954 2,715 869,696	\$	- - - -	\$	304,689 841,454 3,200 1,024,999 3,451
Total Assets	\$ 468,428	\$	1,709,365	\$	-	\$	2,177,793
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	\$ 9,708	\$	300	\$	-	\$	10,008
Total Liabilities	 9,708		300		-		10,008
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	155,303 155,303		869,696 869,696		<u>-</u>	1	1,024,999 1,024,999
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable: Prepaid Expenses Restricted For:	3,451		-		-		3,451
Emergencies (TABOR) Debt Service	4,500 -		- 839,369		-		4,500 839,369
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	295,466 303,417	_	839,369		<u>-</u>		295,466 1,142,786
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 468,428	\$	1,709,365	\$	<u>-</u>		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:							
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Prepaid debt insurance, net of accumulated amortization Deferred loss on refunding, net of accumulated amortization							14,720 498,622
Long-term liabilities, including Developer advances payable and bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.							
Bonds Payable Accrued Interest Payable - Bonds							(9,303,365) (30,667)
Net Position of Governmental Activities						\$	(7,677,904)

WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

DEVENUE	General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES	•	100.004	Φ.	000 070	•		•	040.050														
Property Taxes	\$	123,084	\$	689,272	\$	-	\$	812,356														
Specific Ownership Taxes		6,323		35,411		-		41,734														
Interest Income		15,719		52,537		-		68,256														
Other Revenue		1,669		-				1,669														
Total Revenues		146,795		777,220		-		924,015														
EXPENDITURES																						
Current:																						
Accounting		29,405		_		_		29,405														
Audit		4,500		_		_		4,500														
County Treasurer's Fees		1,847		10,344		_		12,191														
Director Fees		1,000		-		_		1,000														
Insurance		3,601		_		_		3,601														
Management Fees		14,296		_		_		14,296														
Legal		9,618		_				9,618														
Miscellaneous Expenses		15,621		_		_		15,621														
Payroll Taxes		46		_		_		46														
Election		3,296		_		_		3,296														
Dues and Licenses		361		_		_		361														
Landscaping		-		_		152		152														
Debt Service:																						
Paying Agent Fees		_		300		_		300														
Bond Principal		_		215,000		_		215,000														
Bond Interest		_		376,600		_		376,600														
Total Expenditures		83,591		602,244	-	152		685,987														
·																						
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)																						
EXPENDITURES		63,204		174,976		(152)		238,028														
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																						
Transfers from Other Funds						152		152														
Transfers to Other Funds		(152)		-		132		(152)														
	-	(152)	-			152		(132)														
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(152)				102		-														
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		63,052		174,976		-		238,028														
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		240,365		664,393				904,758														
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	303,417	\$	839,369	\$		\$	1,142,786														

WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 238,028
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense, the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Capital outlay in the current period is as follows: Capital Assets Conveyed to Other Governments	(540,515)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., issuance of bonds, the receipt of Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Principal Payment	215,000
Deferred Loss on Refunding, Net of Accumulated Amortization - Change in Asset Prepaid Debt Insurance, Net of Accumulated Amortization - Change in Asset	(39,377) (1,162)
Original Issue Premium, Net of Accumulated Amortization - Change in Asset	8,163
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability	 716
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (119,147)

WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	-	Daagot	 unouno		logalivo)	
Property Taxes	\$	122,919	\$ 123,084	\$	165	
Specific Ownership Taxes		6,146	6,323		177	
Interest Income		4,200	15,719		11,519	
Other Revenue		· -	1,669		1,669	
Total Revenues		133,265	146,795		13,530	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Accounting		25,000	29,405		(4,405)	
Audit		6,500	4,500		2,000	
County Treasurer's Fees		1,844	1,847		(3)	
Director Fees		2,000	1,000		1,000	
Insurance		4,500	3,601		899	
Management Fees		25,000	14,296		10,704	
Legal		25,000	9,618		15,382	
Miscellaneous Expenses		3,000	15,621		(12,621)	
Payroll Taxes		300	46		254	
Dues and licenses		800	361		439	
Election		6,500	3,296		3,204	
Contingency		14,556	 		14,556	
Total Expenditures		115,000	 83,591		31,409	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		18,265	63,204		44,939	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers to Other Funds		(100,000)	 (152)		99,848	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(100,000)	(152)		99,848	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		(81,735)	63,052		144,787	
AND OTHER INFRIORIO COLO		(01,700)	00,002		177,101	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		242,193	 240,365		(1,828)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	160,458	\$ 303,417	\$	142,959	

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Wildgrass Metropolitan District (the District) was organized on November 18, 2003, as a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado. The District's purpose is to finance and construct certain public infrastructure improvements that benefit the taxpayers and service users of the District. The District's primary revenues are property taxes. The District is managed by an elected board of directors.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources of the District is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's board of directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's board of directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash and investments.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's board of directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure (e.g., storm drainage, streets, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities' column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the statement of activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated. No depreciation expense was recognized during 2023.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred loss on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred, and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Prepaid Debt Insurance, Original Issue Premium, and Loss on Refunding

In the government-wide financial statements, prepaid debt insurance, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the board of directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the board of directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 304,689
Cash and Investments - Restricted	841,454
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,146,143

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023 consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 5,112
Investments	1,141,031
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,146,143

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2023, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$5,112 and a carrying balance of \$5,112.

<u>Investments</u>

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado Revised Statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- · Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average	
Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	\$ 1,141,031

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

COLOTRUST (Continued)

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2023 follows:

	_	salance - cember 31, 2022	Incre	eases	Balance - December 31, 2023			
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					•			
Construction in Progress	_\$	540,515	\$		\$	540,515	\$	
Capital Assets, Net	\$	540,515	\$		\$	540,515	\$	

All of the capital assets constructed by the District were conveyed to other governmental entities. During 2023, the costs of all capital assets transferred to other governmental entities were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance - December 31, 2022 Additions			Re	tirements	Balance - ecember 31, 2023	_	ue Within One Year	
General Obligation									
Refunding Bonds:									
Series 2014A-Principal	\$	9,415,000	\$	-	\$	215,000	\$ 9,200,000	\$	235,000
Original Issue Premium		111,528				8,163	103,365		
Total Long-Term									
Obligations	\$	9,526,528	\$	-	\$	223,163	\$ 9,303,365	\$	235,000

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$9,815,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2014A and \$965,000 Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2014B

On November 19, 2014, the District issued \$9,815,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2014A and \$965,000 in Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2014B. The Series 2014A/B Bonds were issued to provide resources to purchase securities to be placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of the Series 2007 Bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the Bonds were used for the following purpose of: 1) current refunding the District's outstanding General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding Bonds, Series 2007 and 2) paying other costs incidental to the issuance of the Bonds. The Series 2014A Bonds bear interest at 4.00% payable on June 1 and December 1 commencing on June 1, 2015, and mature on December 1, 2044. The Series 2014B Bonds bear interest at 2.50% payable on June 1st and December 1st commencing on June 1, 2015, and matured on December 1, 2020. Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2025, are subject to redemption prior to maturity, on December 1, 2024, or on any date thereafter at par plus accrued interest to the redemption date, without a redemption premium.

As a result, the 2007 refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$876,232. This amount is recorded as a deferred inflow and is being amortized over the remaining life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the remaining life of the old debt at the time of the refunding by \$1,720,561 and resulted in an economic gain of \$915,595.

The Series 2014A Bonds are general obligations of the District secured by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the District and payable from general ad valorem taxes which may be levied against all taxable property within the District without limitation of rate and in an amount sufficient to pay the 2014A Bonds when due.

The principal and interest payment of the Series A Bonds are further secured by a Municipal Bond Insurance policy issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Company, (BAM). As of December 31, 2023, BAM was rated AA/Stable by Standard & Poor's.

The Series 2014B bonds matured on December 1, 2020.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Events of Default

The occurrence of existence of any one or more of the following events shall be an Event of Default under the Bond Resolution: (a) payment of the principal of or redemption premium on any Bond is not made by the District when due; (b) payment of any interest on any Bond is not made by the District when due; (c) the District defaults in the performance of any other of its covenants in this Bond Resolution, and such default continues for 60 days after written notice specifying such default and requiring the same to be remedied is given to the District by the Owners of 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding; provided, however, that any breach of any covenant set forth under "Federal Income Tax Covenants" above shall not be an Event of Default with respect to any Series 2014B Bonds; or (d) the District files a petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or other applicable bankruptcy laws seeking to adjust the debt represented by the Bonds.

Amount of Unused Lines of Credit

The District has no unused lines of credit.

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Principal		Principal		Interest		 Total
2024	\$	235,000	\$	368,000	\$ 603,000				
2025		245,000		358,600	603,600				
2026		265,000		348,800	613,800				
2027		280,000		338,200	618,200				
2028		300,000		327,000	627,000				
2029-2033		1,780,000		1,440,600	3,220,600				
2034-2038		2,350,000		1,041,000	3,391,000				
2039-2043		3,035,000		518,200	3,553,200				
2044		710,000		28,400	738,400				
Total	\$	9,200,000	\$	4,768,800	\$ 13,968,800				

Authorized Debt

At an election held November 4, 2003 a majority of the qualified electors of the District who voted in the elections authorized the issuance of general obligation indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$10,385,000 for providing public improvements and \$10,385,000 for refunding of previously issued indebtedness. The District has no additional new debt authorization available.

NOTE 6 INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The transfer from the General Fund to Capital Projects Fund was to fund capital expenditures.

NOTE 7 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2023 as follows:

Restricted Net Position:

Emergencies	\$ 4,500
Debt Service	 808,702
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 813,202

The District's unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2023 is (\$8,491,106). This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements, of which a significant portion of these improvements were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 4, 2003, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution except for an annual limit on the ad valorem taxes of \$1,500,000 and/or an annual limit of \$1,500,000 for total General Fund expenses.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	а	Original nd Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES	_		_		_	
Property Taxes	\$	688,345	\$	689,272	\$	927
Specific Ownership Taxes		34,417		35,411		994
Interest Income	-	14,500		52,537		38,037
Total Revenues		737,262		777,220		39,958
EXPENDITURES Current:						
County Treasurer's Fees		10,325		10,344		(19)
Paying Agent Fees		600		300		300
Bond Interest		376,600		376,600		-
Bond Principal		215,000		215,000		_
Contingency		1,475		, -		1,475
Total Expenditures		604,000		602,244		1,756
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		133,262		174,976		41,714
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		658,025		664,393		6,368
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	791,287	\$	839,369	\$	48,082

WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Original nd Final Budget	Act Amo	ual ounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	•		•		•	
Interest Income Total Revenues	_\$		\$		\$	
rotal Revenues		-		-		-
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Landscaping		40,000		152		39,848
Capital Outlay		60,000		<u>-</u>		60,000
Total Expenditures		100,000		152		99,848
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(100,000)		(152)		99,848
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from General Fund Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		100,000		152 152		(99,848) (99,848)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		-		-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	•					
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$		\$	

OTHER INFORMATION

WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2023

\$9,815,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2014A Dated November 19, 2014 Interest Rate 4.00% Principal Due December 1st

Interest Payable June 1st and December 1st

		Interest Payable June 1st and December 1st							
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest		Total			
2024	\$	\$ 235,000		368,000	\$	603,000			
2025	•	245,000	\$	358,600	•	603,600			
2026		265,000		348,800		613,800			
2027		280,000		338,200		618,200			
2028		300,000		327,000		627,000			
2029		315,000		315,000		630,000			
2030		340,000		302,400		642,400			
2031		350,000		288,800		638,800			
2032		380,000		274,800		654,800			
2033		395,000		259,600		654,600			
2034		425,000		243,800		668,800			
2035		440,000		226,800		666,800			
2036		470,000		209,200		679,200			
2037		490,000		190,400		680,400			
2038		525,000		170,800		695,800			
2039		545,000		149,800		694,800			
2040		580,000		128,000		708,000			
2041		605,000		104,800		709,800			
2042		640,000		80,600		720,600			
2043		665,000		55,000		720,000			
2044		710,000		28,400		738,400			
Total	\$	9,200,000	\$	4,768,800	\$	13,968,800			

WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Prior					
	Yea	ar Assessed					
	Va	aluation for					Percent
Year Ended	Cı	urrent Year	Mills	 Total Prop	erty T	axes	Collected
December 31,		Tax Levy	Levied	Levied		Collected	to Levied
				 _			
2019	\$	21,417,998	33.000	\$ 706,794	\$	706,794	100.00 %
2020		23,463,503	33.000	774,296		774,010	99.96
2021		23,544,550	33.000	776,970		776,432	99.93
2022		25,130,620	33.000	829,310		828,219	99.87
2023		24,583,760	33.000	811,264		812,356	100.13
Estimated for Year Ending							
December 31, 2024	\$	31,060,570	33.000	\$ 1,024,999			

NOTE: Property taxes shown as collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes or abatements of property taxes assessed in prior years. This presentation does not attempt to identify specific years of assessment.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE – ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2023 "ACTUAL" VALUATION OF CLASSES OF PROPERTY IN THE DISTRICT DECEMBER 31, 2023 UNAUDITED

Class	"Actual" Valuation	Percent of "Actual" Valuation
Residential	\$ 456,729,990	99.64%
State Assessed	1,647,630	0.36%
Total	\$ 458,377,620	100.00%

Source: Assessor's Office of the City and County of Broomfield

WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2023 ASSESSED VALUATION OF CLASSES OF PROPERTY IN THE DISTRICT DECEMBER 31, 2023 UNAUDITED

Class	Assessed Valuation	Percent of Assessed Valuation
Residential	\$ 30,600,880	98.52%
State Assessed	459,690	1.48%
Total	\$ 31,060,570	100.00%

Source: Assessor's Office of the City and County of Broomfield

WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT HISTORY OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2023 UNAUDITED

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 107,090	\$ 117,274	\$ 117,641	\$ 125,488	\$ 123,084
Specific Ownership Taxes	6,846	6,533	6,897	6,231	6,323
Interest Income	7.488	2.645	161	6,055	15,719
Miscellaneous Income	7,100	77	-	-	1,669
Total Revenues	121,424	126,529	124,699	137,774	146,795
EXPENDITURES					
	00.000	04.450	40.500	07.000	00.405
Accounting	23,382	24,459	18,563	27,829	29,405
Audit	4,000	4,200	4,200	4,200	4,500
County Treasurer's Fees	1,607	1,760	1,765	1,883	1,847
Director Fees	2,200	1,700	1,300	1,200	1,000
Insurance	3,438	3,240	3,304	3,304	3,601
Management Fees	20,645	19,985	18,160	22,076	14,296
Legal	11,116	5,014	16,302	14,678	9,618
Miscellaneous Expenses	829	290	145	334	15,621
Payroll Taxes	69	152	99	92	46
Website	-	-	3,255	-	-
Dues and Licenses	562	631	489	456	361
Election	_	1,558	_	5,839	3,296
Total Expenditures	67,848	62,989	67,582	81,891	83,591
EVACES OF DEVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	53,576	63,540	57,117	55,883	63,204
EXPENDITURES	33,370	03,340	57,117	33,663	03,204
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers (to) from Other Funds		(139,802)	(3,145)	(118,927)	(152)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(139,802)	(3,145)	(118,927)	(152)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	53,576	(76,262)	53,972	(63,044)	63,052
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	272,123	325,699	249,437	303,409	240,365
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 325.699	\$ 249.437	\$ 303.409	\$ 240.365	\$ 303.417

WILDGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT HISTORY OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DEBT SERVICE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2023 UNAUDITED

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 599,704	\$ 656,736	\$ 658,791	\$ 702,731	\$ 689,272
Specific Ownership Taxes	38,339	36,586	38,623	34,895	35,411
Interest Income	10,258	3,471	454	13,585	52,537
Total Revenues	648,301	696,793	697,868	751,211	777,220
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service:					
Bond Interest	401,475	397,225	392,600	385,000	376,600
Bond Principal	170,000	185,000	190,000	210,000	215,000
County Treasurer's Fees	8,999	9,857	9,885	10,548	10,344
Paying Agent Fees	600	300	600	300	300
Total Expenditures	581,074	592,382	593,085	605,848	602,244
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	67,227	104,411	104,783	145,363	174,976
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	242,609	309,836	414,247	519,030	664,393
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 309,836	\$ 414,247	\$ 519,030	\$ 664,393	\$ 839,369